



A New Direction in Mixed-Signal

March 2013

XRP7665

3A 18V Synchronous Step-Down Converter

Rev. 2.0.1

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The XRP7665 is a synchronous current-mode PWM step down (buck) regulator capable of a constant output current up to 3 Amps. A wide 4.50V to 18V input voltage range allows for single supply operations from industry standard 5V and 12V power rails.

With a 340kHz constant operating frequency and integrated high and low side 100mΩ/90mΩ MOSFETs, the XRP7665 reduces the overall component count and solution footprint. Current-mode control provides fast transient response and cycle-by-cycle current limit. An adjustable soft-start prevents inrush current at turn-on, and in shutdown mode the supply current drops to 0.1μA.

Built-in output over voltage (open load), over temperature, cycle-by-cycle over current and under voltage lockout (UVLO) protections insure safe operations under abnormal operating conditions.

The XRP7665 is a pin and function compatible device to MP1484 and a 3A pin to pin upgrade to XRP7664.

The XRP7665 is offered in a RoHS compliant, "green"/halogen free 8-pin exposed pad SOIC package.

APPLICATIONS

- Distributed Power Architectures
- Point of Load Converters
- Audio-Video Equipments
- Medical & Industrial Equipments

FEATURES

- Pin/Function Compatible to MP1484
- 3A Continuous Output Current
- 4.50V to 18V Wide Input Voltage
- PWM Current Mode Control
 - 340kHz Constant Operations
 - Up to 93% Efficiency
- Adjustable Output Voltage
 - 0.925V to 16V Range
 - 2.0% Accuracy
- Programmable Soft-Start and Enable Function
- Built-in Thermal, Over Current, UVLO and Output Over Voltage Protections
- RoHS Compliant "Green"/Halogen Free 8-Pin Exposed Pad SOIC Package

TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM

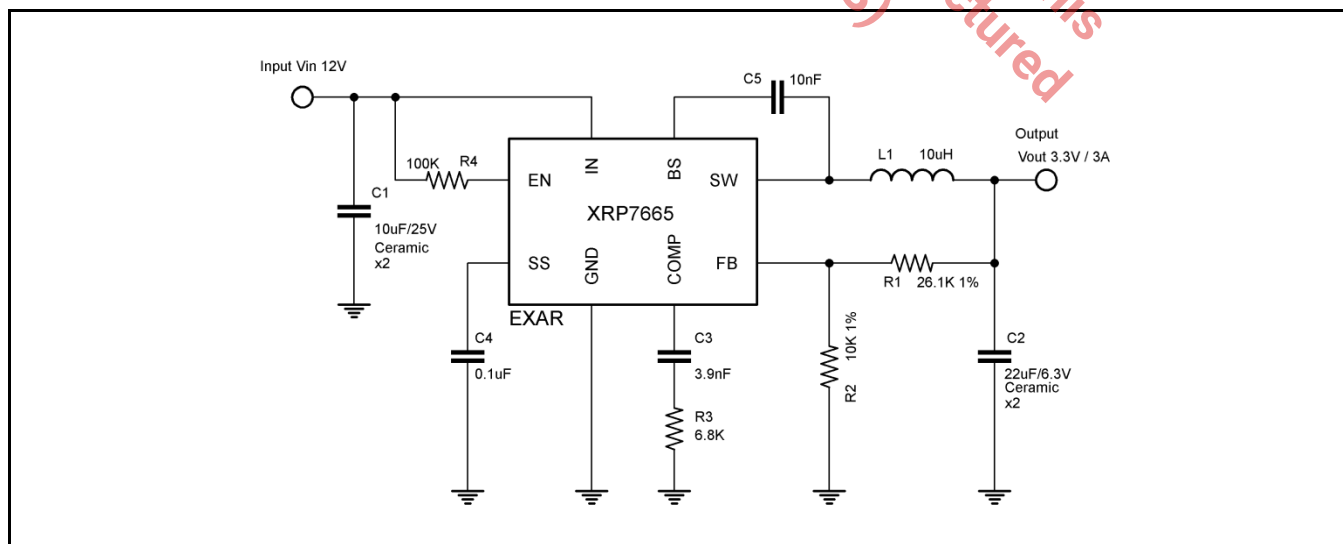


Fig. 1: XRP7665 Application Diagram

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Supply Voltage V_{IN} -0.3V to 20V
 Switch Node Voltage V_{SW} 21V
 Boost Voltage V_{BS} -0.3 to $V_{SW}+6V$
 Enable Voltage V_{EN} -0.3 to V_{IN}
 All Other Pins -0.3 to +6V
 Junction Temperature 150°C
 Storage Temperature -65°C to 150°C
 Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 260°C
 ESD Rating (HBM - Human Body Model) 2kV
 ESD Rating (MM - Machine Model) 200V
 Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) 3

OPERATING RATINGS

Input Voltage V_{IN} 4.50V to 18V
 Ambient Operating Temperature -40°C to 85°C
 Maximum Output Current 3A min
 Thermal Resistance θ_{JA} 60°C/W

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications are for an Operating Ambient Temperature of $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ only; limits applying over the full Ambient Operating Temperature range are denoted by a "•". Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise indicated, $V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 12V$, $V_{OUT} = 3.3V$.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Shutdown Supply Current		0.1	10	μA	$V_{EN} \leq 0.75V$
Quiescent Current		1.2	1.4	mA	$V_{EN} = 3V$, $V_{FB} = 1V$
Feedback Voltage V_{FB}	0.907	0.925	0.943	V	
Feedback Overvoltage Threshold		1.1		V	
Feedback Bias Current	-0.1		0.1	μA	$V_{FB} = 1V$
Error Amplifier Voltage Gain A_{EA} (Note 1)		400		V/V	
Error Amplifier Transconductance G_{EA}		800		$\mu\text{A/V}$	
High-Side switch On Resistance $R_{DS(on)}$ (Note 2)		100		$\text{m}\Omega$	$I_{SW} = 0.2A \& 0.7A$
Low-Side switch On Resistance $R_{DS(on)}$ (Note 2)		100		$\text{m}\Omega$	$I_{SW} = -0.2A \& -0.7A$
High-Side switch Leakage Current		0.1	10	μA	$V_{IN} = 18V$, $V_{EN} = 0V$, $V_{SW} = 0V$
High-Side Switch Current Limit	4.3	5.6		A	
Low-Side Switch Current Limit		1.4		A	From Drain to Source
COMP to Current Sense Transconductance G_{CS}		5.2		A/V	
Oscillator Frequency F_{OSC1}	280	340	400	kHz	
Short Circuit Oscillator Frequency F_{OSC2}		90		kHz	
Maximum Duty Cycle D_{MAX}		90		%	$V_{FB} = 0.85V$
Minimum Duty Cycle D_{MIN}			0	%	$V_{FB} = 1V$
EN Enable Threshold Voltage	2.2	2.5	2.7	V	
EN Enable Threshold Voltage Hysteresis (Note 1)		210		mV	
UVLO Threshold	3.65	4.00	4.25	V	V_{IN} Rising

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Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
UVLO Hysteresis		0.20		V	
Soft-start Current		6		μA	$V_{SS}=0V$
Soft-start Time (Note 1)		15		ms	$C_{SS}=0.1\mu F$
Thermal Shutdown (Note 1)		160		°C	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis (Note 1)		20		°C	

Note 1: Guaranteed by design.

Note 2: $R_{DS(on)} = (V_{SW1} - V_{SW2}) / (I_{SW1} - I_{SW2})$

BLOCK DIAGRAM

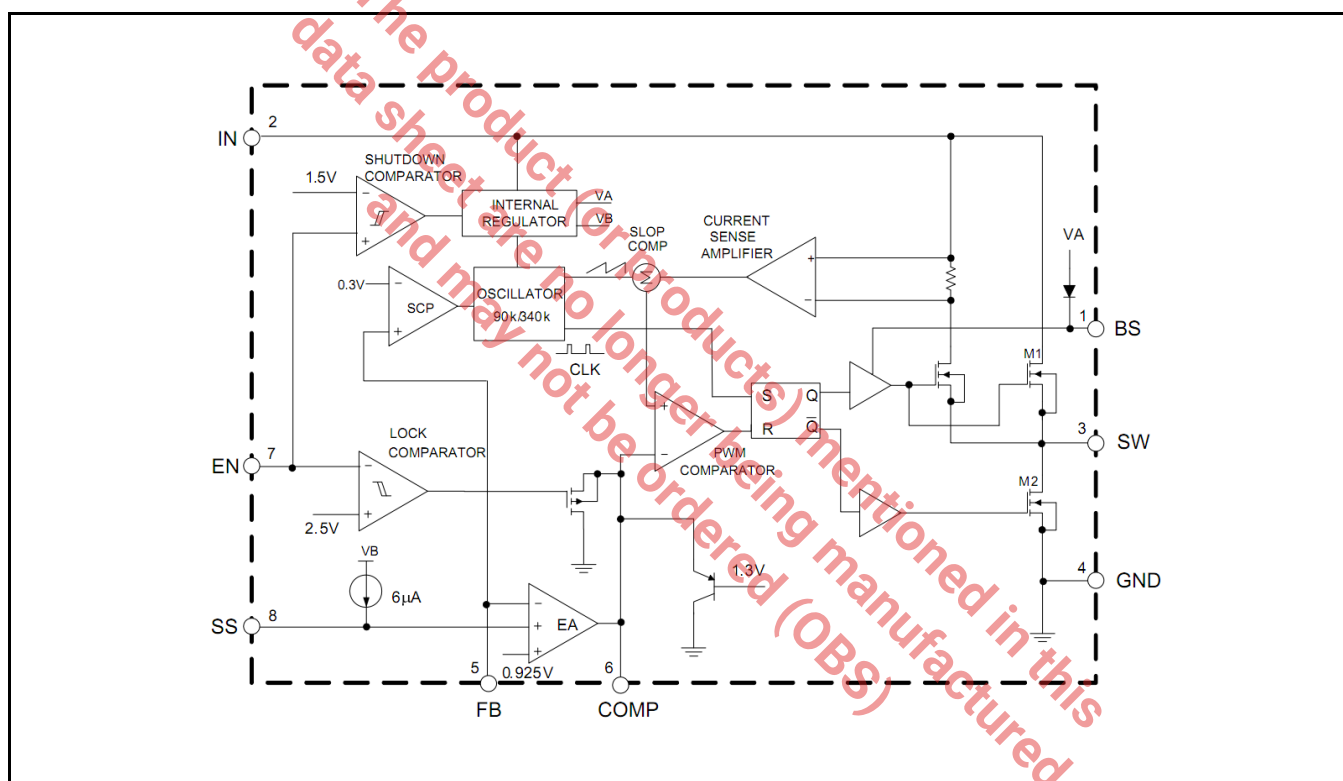


Fig. 2: XRP7665 Block Diagram

PIN ASSIGNMENT

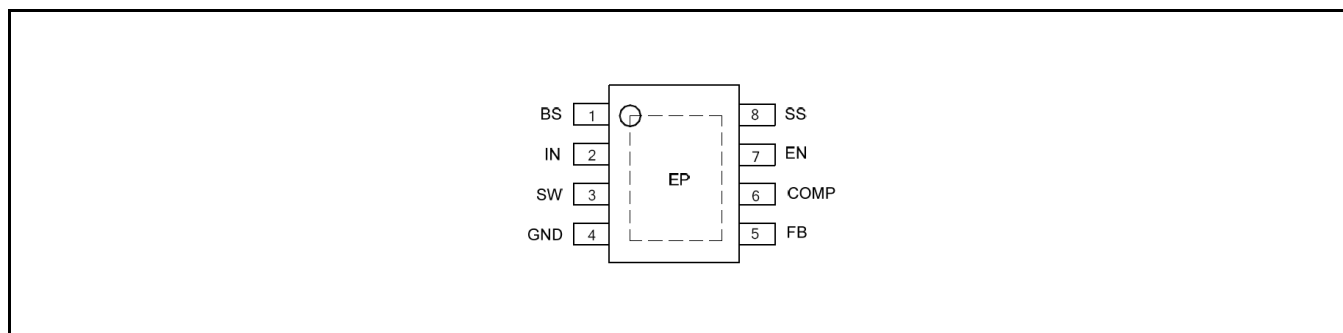


Fig. 3: XRP7665 Pin Assignment (SOIC-8 Exposed Pad)

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PIN DESCRIPTION

Name	Pin Number	Description
BS	1	Bootstrap pin. Connect a 0.01 μ F or greater bootstrap capacitor between the BS pin and the SW pin. The voltage across the bootstrap capacitor drives the internal high-side power MOSFET.
IN	2	Power input pin. A capacitor should be connected between the IN pin and GND pin to keep the input voltage constant.
SW	3	Power switch output pin. This pin is connected to the inductor and the bootstrap capacitor.
GND	4	Ground signal pin.
FB	5	Feedback pin. An external resistor divider connected to FB programs the output voltage. If the feedback pin exceeds 1.1V the over-voltage protection will trigger. If the feedback voltage drops below 0.3V the oscillator frequency is lowered to achieve short-circuit protection.
COMP	6	Compensation pin. This is the output of transconductance error amplifier and the input to the current comparator. It is used to compensate the control loop. Connect an RC network from this pin to GND.
EN	7	Control input pin. Forcing this pin above 2.7V enables the IC. Forcing this pin below 0.75V shuts down the IC. Pull up to VIN with 100k Ω for automatic startup.
SS	8	Soft-start control input pin. Connect a capacitor from SS to GND to set the soft-start period. A 0.1 μ F capacitor sets the soft start period to 15ms. To disable the soft-start feature, leave SS unconnected.
-	EP	Exposed Pad Connect to GND through PCB.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Temperature Range	Marking	Package	Packing Quantity	Note 1	Note 2
XRP7665IDBTR-F	-40°C $\leq$ T _A $\leq$ +85°C	XRP7665I YYWWF X	SOIC-8(EP)	2.5K/Tape & Reel	RoHS Compliant Halogen Free	
XRP7665EVB	XRP7665 Evaluation Board					

"YY" = Year - "WW" = Work Week - "X" = Lot Number; when applicable.

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

All data taken at $V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{OUT} = 3.3V$, $T_J = T_A = 25^\circ C$, unless otherwise specified - Schematic and BOM from Application Information section of this datasheet.

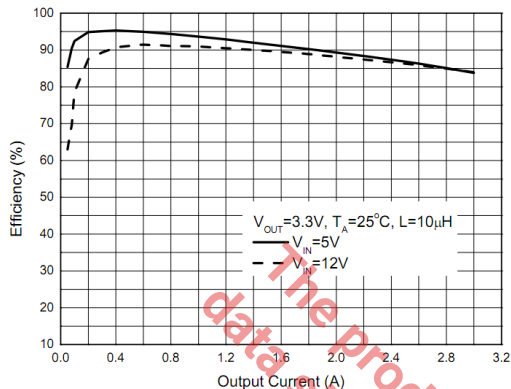


Fig. 4: Efficiency versus output current

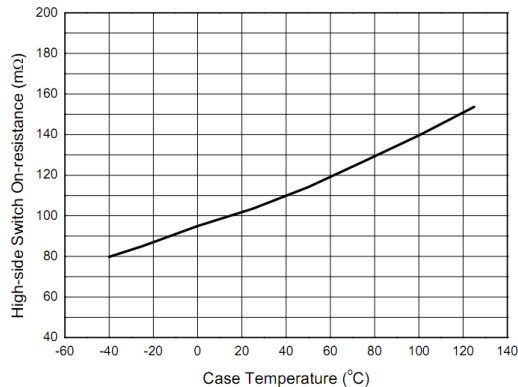


Fig. 5: $R_{DS(on)}$ versus case temperature

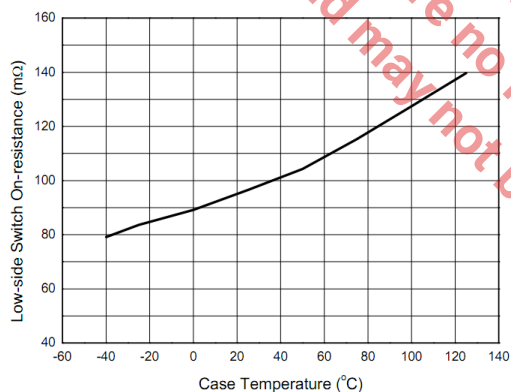


Fig. 6: $R_{DS(on)}$ versus case temperature

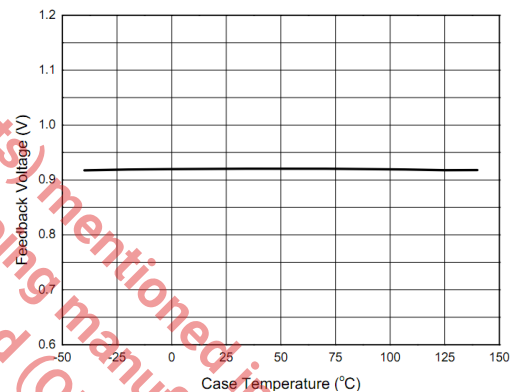


Fig. 7: Feedback voltage versus case temperature

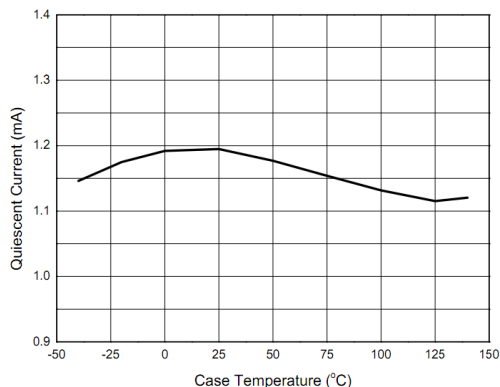


Fig. 8: Quiescent current versus case temperature

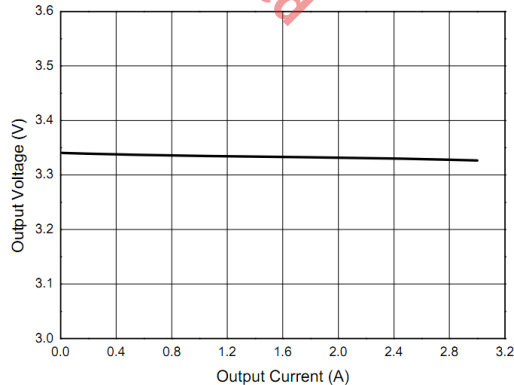


Fig. 9: Output voltage versus output current

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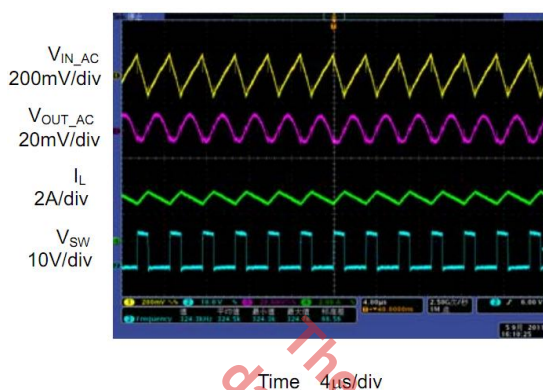


Fig. 10: Output voltage ripple, $I_{OUT}=3A$

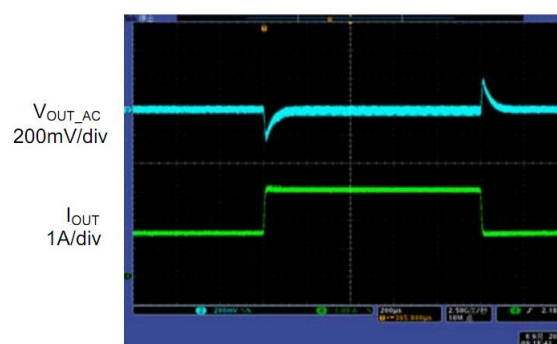


Fig. 11: Load transient ($I_{OUT}=1.5A$ to $3A$)

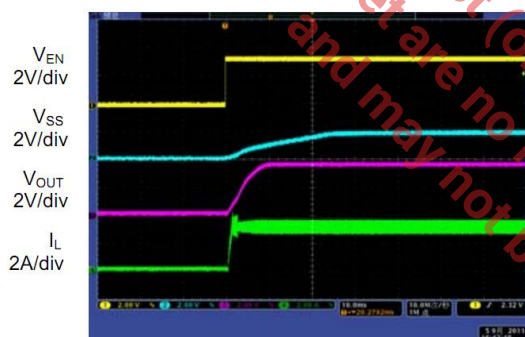


Fig. 12: Enable turn on
CC mode, $V_{IN}=12V$, $V_{OUT}=V_{EN}=3.3$, $I_{OUT}=3A$

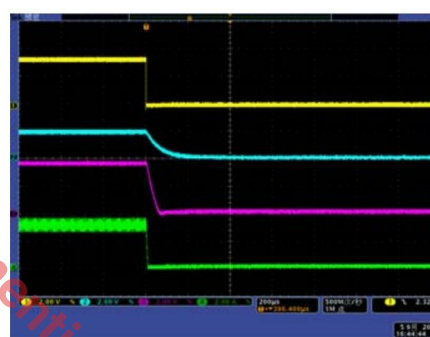


Fig. 13: Enable turn off
CC mode, $V_{IN}=12V$, $V_{OUT}=V_{EN}=3.3$, $I_{OUT}=3A$

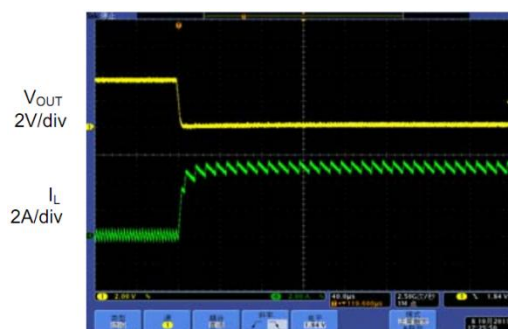


Fig. 14: Short-circuit protection

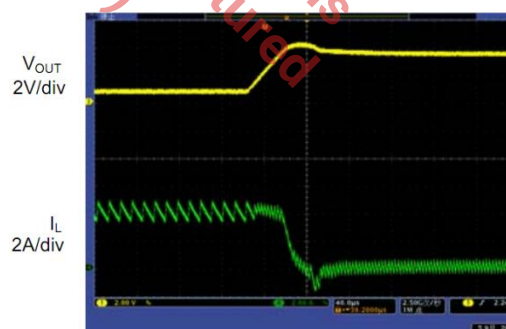


Fig. 15: Short-circuit recovery

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THEORY OF OPERATION

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The XRP7665 is a synchronous, current-mode, step-down regulator. It regulates input voltages from 4.5V to 18V and supplies up to 3A of continuous load current. The XRP7665 uses current-mode control to regulate the output voltage. The output voltage is measured at FB through a resistive voltage divider and input to a transconductance error amplifier. The high-side switch current is compared to the output of the error amplifier to control the output voltage. The regulator utilizes internal N-channel MOSFETs to step-down the input voltage. A bootstrapping capacitor connected between BS and SW acts as a supply for high-side MOSFET. This capacitor is charged from the internal 5V supply when SW node is low. The XRP7665 has several powerful protection features including OCP, OVP, OTP, UVLO and output short-circuit.

PROGRAMMABLE SOFT-START

The soft-start time is fully programmable via CSS capacitor, placed between the SS and GND pin. The CSS is charged by a 6μA constant-current source, generating a ramp signal fed into non-inverting input of the error amplifier. This ramp regulates the voltage on comp pin during the regulator startup, thus realizing soft-start. Calculate the required CSS from:

$$CSS = t_{SS} \times \frac{6\mu A}{V_{FB}}$$

Where:

t_{SS} is the required soft-start time

V_{FB} is the feedback voltage (0.925V nominal)

ENABLE FUNCTION

The XRP7665 is enabled by raising the voltage on the EN pin above 2.5V nominally. Connect the EN pin to the VIN via a 100kΩ resistor for automatic start-up. Shutdown is achieved by pulling the EN pin voltage below 1.1V nominally.

OVERCURRENT PROTECTION OCP

The OCP protects against accidental increase in load current that can cause the regulator to fail. The current of internal switch M1 is monitored. If this current reaches 5.6A then M1 is turned off until next switching cycle.

SHORT-CIRCUIT PROTECTION

If there is short-circuit across the output, the feedback voltage V_{FB} will droop. If V_{FB} drops below 0.3V the XRP7665 will detect a short-circuit condition and reduce the switching frequency to 90kHz for system protection. The regulator will restart once the short-circuit has been removed.

OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION OVP

The XRP7665 has internal OVP. When V_{OUT} exceeds the OVP threshold (when V_{FB} exceeds 1.1V) the power switching will be turned off. The XRP7665 will restart when overvoltage condition is removed.

OVER-TEMPERATURE PROTECTION OTP

If the junction temperature exceeds 160°C the OTP circuit is triggered, turning off the internal control circuit and switched M1 and M2. When junction temperature drops below 140°C the XRP7665 will restart.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE

Use an external resistor divider to set the output voltage. Program the output voltage from:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{0.925V} - 1 \right)$$

Where:

R1 is the resistor between V_{OUT} and FB

R2 is the resistor between FB and GND (nominally 10kΩ)

0.925V is the nominal feedback voltage.

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OUTPUT INDUCTOR

Select the output inductor for inductance L , DC current rating I_{DC} and saturation current rating I_{SAT} . I_{DC} should be larger than regulator output current. I_{SAT} , as a rule of thumb, should be 50% higher than the regulator output current. Since the regulator is rated at 3A then $I_{DC} \geq 3A$ and $I_{SAT} \geq 4.5A$. Calculate the inductance from:

$$L = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{\Delta I_L \times f_s \times V_{IN}} \right)$$

Where:

ΔI_L is peak-to-peak inductor current ripple nominally set to 30%-40% of I_{OUT}

f_s is nominal switching frequency (340kHz)

As an example, inductor values for several common output voltages are shown in tables 1 and 2. Note that example inductors shown in tables 1 and 2 are Würth shielded inductors. If the target application is not sensitive to EMI then unshielded inductors may be used.

VOUT(V)	$\Delta I_{L(p-p)}$ (A)	L(μH)	Inductor Example
5.0	0.9	10	744314101
3.3	0.7	10	744314101
2.5	0.6	10	744314101
1.8	0.6	7.6	744314760
1.5	0.5	7.6	744314760
1.2	0.6	4.9	744314490

Table 1: Suggested inductor values for $V_{IN}=12V$ and $I_{OUT}=3A$

VOUT(V)	$\Delta I_{L(p-p)}$ (A)	L(μH)	Inductor Example
3.3	0.7	4.9	744314490
2.5	0.8	4.9	744314490
1.8	0.7	4.9	744314490
1.5	0.6	4.9	744314490
1.2	0.5	4.9	744314490

Table 2: Suggested inductor values for $V_{IN}=5V$ and $I_{OUT}=3A$

OUTPUT CAPACITOR C_{OUT}

Select the output capacitor for voltage rating, capacitance C_{OUT} and Equivalent Series Resistance ESR. The voltage rating, as a rule

of thumb, should be at least twice the output voltage. When calculating the required capacitance, usually the overriding requirement is current load-step transient. If the unloading transient (i.e., when load transitions from a high to a low current) is met, then usually the loading transient (when load transitions from a low to a high current) is met as well. Therefore calculate the C_{OUT} based on the unloading transient requirement from:

$$C_{OUT} = L \times \left(\frac{I_{High}^2 - I_{Low}^2}{(V_{OUT} + V_{transient})^2 - V_{OUT}^2} \right)$$

Where:

L is the inductance calculated in the preceding step

I_{High} is the value of load-step prior to unloading. This is nominally set equal to regulator current rating (3A).

I_{Low} is the value of load-step after unloading. This is nominally set equal to 50% of regulator current rating (1.5A).

$V_{transient}$ is the maximum permissible voltage transient corresponding to the load step mentioned above. $V_{transient}$ is typically specified from 3% to 5% of V_{OUT} .

ESR of the capacitor has to be selected such that the output voltage ripple requirement ΔV_{OUT} , nominally 1% of V_{OUT} , is met. Voltage ripple ΔV_{OUT} is mainly composed of two components: the resistive ripple due to ESR and capacitive ripple due to C_{OUT} charge transfer. For applications requiring low voltage ripple, ceramic capacitors are recommended because of their low ESR which is typically in the range of 5mΩ. Therefore ΔV_{OUT} is mainly capacitive. For ceramic capacitors calculate the ΔV_{OUT} from:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{\Delta I_L}{8 \times C_{OUT} \times f_s}$$

Where:

ΔI_L is from table 1 or 2

C_{OUT} is the value calculated above

f_s is nominal switching frequency (340kHz)

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If tantalum or electrolytic capacitors are used then ΔV_{OUT} is essentially a function of ESR:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \Delta I_L \times ESR$$

INPUT CAPACITOR C_{IN}

Select the input capacitor for voltage rating, RMS current rating and capacitance. The voltage rating should be at least 50% higher than the regulator's maximum input voltage. Calculate the capacitor's current rating from:

$$I_{CIN,RMS} = I_{OUT} \times \sqrt{D \times (1 - D)}$$

Where:

I_{OUT} is regulator's maximum current (3A)

D is duty cycle ($D = V_{OUT}/V_{IN}$)

Calculate the C_{IN} capacitance from:

$$C_{IN} = \frac{I_{OUT} \times V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{f_s \times V_{IN}^2 \times \Delta V_{IN}}$$

Where:

ΔV_{IN} is the permissible input voltage ripple, nominally set at 1% of V_{IN}

OPTIONAL SCHOTTKY DIODE

An optional Schottky diode may be paralleled between the GND pin and SW pin to improve the regulator efficiency. Examples are shown in Table 3.

Part Number	Voltage/Current Rating	Vendor
B130	30V/1A	Diodes, Inc.
SK13	30V/1A	Diodes, Inc.
MBRS130	30V/1A	International Rectifier

Table 3. Optional Schottky diode

EXTERNAL BOOTSTRAP DIODE

A low-cost diode, such as 1N4148, is recommended for higher efficiency when the input voltage is 5V or the output is 5V or 3.3V.

Circuit configuration is shown in figures 16 and 17. The external bootstrap diode is also recommended where duty cycle (V_{OUT}/V_{IN}) is larger than 65%.

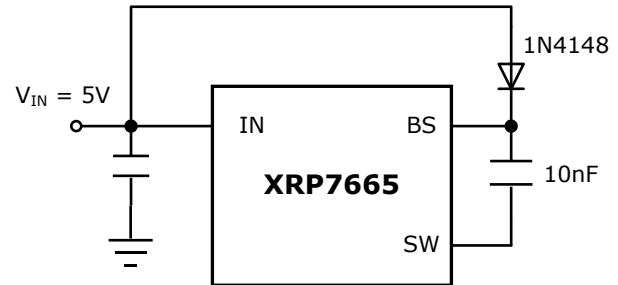


Fig. 16: Optional external bootstrap diode where input voltage is fixed at 5V

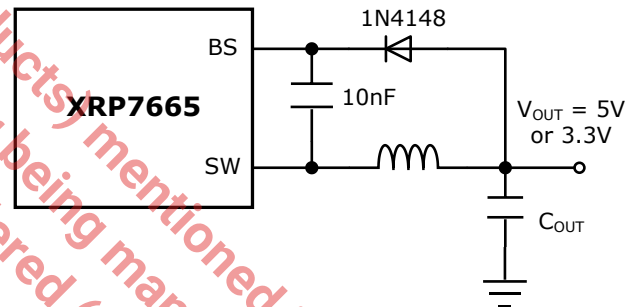


Fig. 17: Optional external bootstrap diode where output voltage is 5V or 3.3V

LOOP COMPENSATION

XRP7665 utilizes current-mode control. This allows using a minimum of external components to compensate the regulator. In general only two components are needed: RC and CC. Proper compensation of the regulator (determining RC and CC) results in optimum transient response. In terms of power supply control theory, the goals of compensation are to choose RC and CC such that the regulator loop gain has a crossover frequency f_c between 15kHz and 34kHz. The corresponding phase-margin should be between 45 degrees and 65 degrees. An important characteristic of current-mode buck regulator is its dominant pole. The frequency of the dominant pole is given by:

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$$f_p = \frac{1}{2\pi \times C_{OUT} \times R_{load}}$$

where R_{load} is the output load resistance.

The uncompensated regulator has a constant gain up to its pole frequency, beyond which the gain decreases at -20dB/decade. The zero arising from the output capacitor's ESR is inconsequential if ceramic C_{OUT} is used. This simplifies the compensation. The RC and CC, which are placed between the output of

XRP7665's Error Amplifier and ground, constitute a zero. The frequency of this compensating zero is given by:

$$f_z = \frac{1}{2\pi \times RC \times CC}$$

For the typical application circuit, $RC=6.8k\Omega$ and $CC=3.9nF$ provide a satisfactory compensation. Please contact EXAR if you need assistance with the compensation of your particular circuit.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

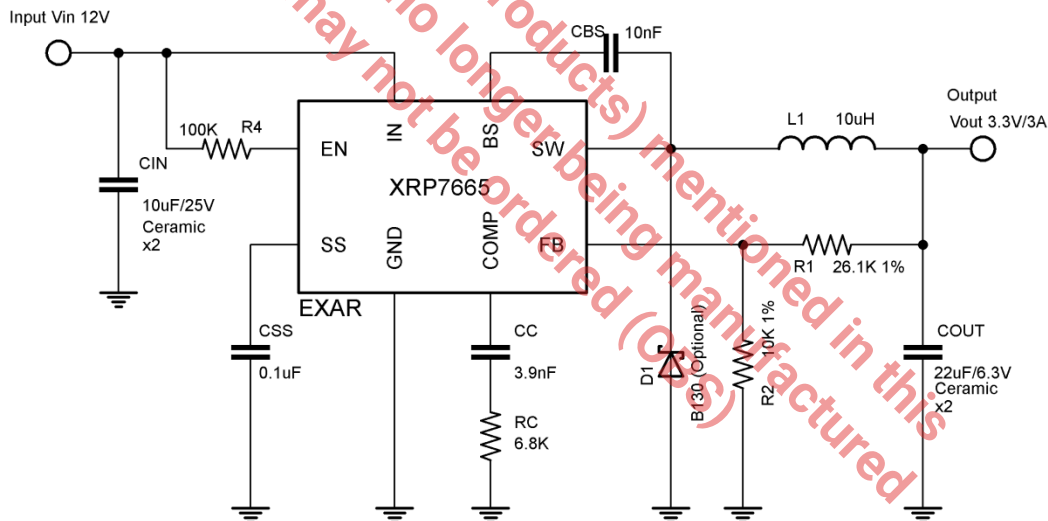


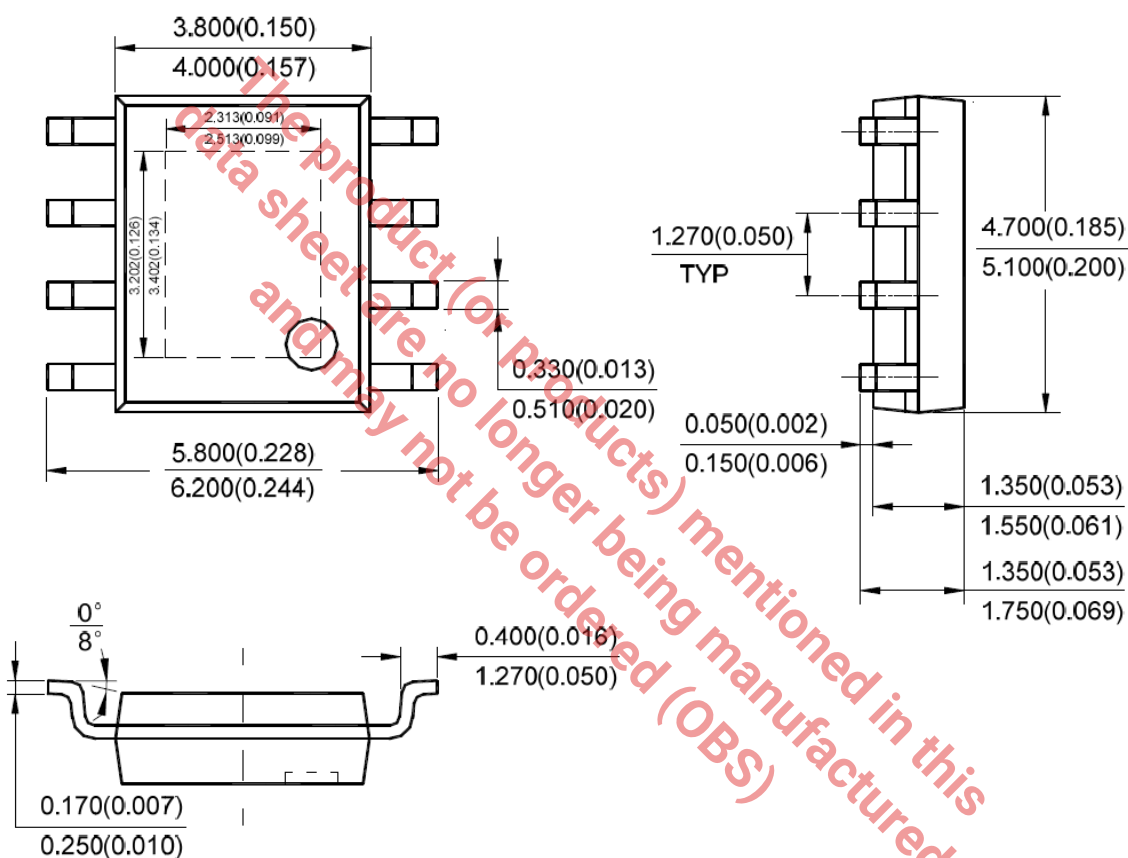
Fig. 18: XRP7665 Typical Application Diagram - 12V to 3.3V Conversion

PACKAGE SPECIFICATION

8-PIN SOIC EXPOSED PAD

Unit: mm (inch)

Eject hole, oriented hole and mold mark are optional.



3A 18V Synchronous Step-Down Converter

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Date	Description
1.0.0	02/14/2011	Initial release of datasheet
1.1.0	10/13/2011	Added Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) information
2.0.0	02/12/2013	Reformat of datasheet Changed min operating input voltage from 4.75V to 4.5V Updated Electrical Specifications parameter (quiescent current, feedback voltage, high and low side switch on-resistance, oscillator frequency, EN shutdown threshold voltage and hysteresis, EN lockout threshold voltage and hysteresis, UVLO threshold and hysteresis, soft-start time) Updated figure 2: XRP7665 block diagram Updated Pin Description, EN pin description Updated all Typical Performance Characteristics curves
2.0.1	3/29/2013	Updated Enable pin description Deleted Electrical Specification parameters (shutdown supply current, EN shutdown threshold voltage and hysteresis, EN lockout threshold voltage and hysteresis) Added Electrical Specification parameters (EN enable threshold voltage and hysteresis) Added "ENABLE FUNCTION" paragraph to the theory of operation section.

FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE

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