

# Thyristor \ Diode Module

$V_{RRM} = 2 \times 1400 \text{ V}$

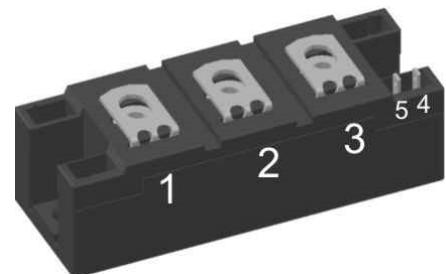
$I_{TAV} = 216 \text{ A}$

$V_T = 1.1 \text{ V}$

## Phase leg

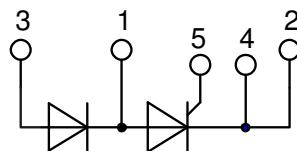
### Part number

MCD200-14io1



Backside: isolated

 E72873



### Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Direct Copper Bonded Al2O3-ceramic

### Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

### Package: Y4

- Isolation Voltage: 3600 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

### Terms .Conditions of usage:

The data contained in this product data sheet is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. The user will have to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product data with respect to his application. The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. The information in the valid application- and assembly notes must be considered. Should you require product information in excess of the data given in this product data sheet or which concerns the specific application of your product, please contact your local sales office.

Due to technical requirements our product may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your local sales office.

Should you intend to use the product in aviation, in health or life endangering or life support applications, please notify. For any such application we urgently recommend

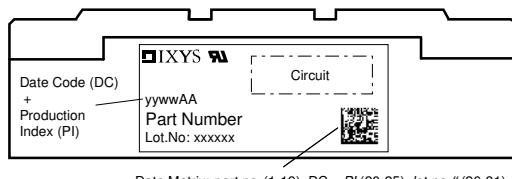
- to perform joint risk and quality assessments;

- the conclusion of quality agreements;

- to establish joint measures of an ongoing product survey, and that we may make delivery dependent on the realization of any such measures.

Rectifier			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1500	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1400	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1400 V$ $V_{R/D} = 1400 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		400 15	$\mu A$ mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 200 A$ $I_T = 400 A$ $I_T = 200 A$ $I_T = 400 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.20 1.52 1.10 1.50	V V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 85^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		216	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			340	A
$V_{T0}$ $r_T$	threshold voltage slope resistance } for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		0.80 1.4	V $m\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.13	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.050		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		770	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		8.00 8.64 6.80 7.35	kA kA
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$ $t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ $V_R = 0 V$		320.0 310.5 231.2 224.4	kA <sup>2</sup> s kA <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	366		pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $t_p = 500 \mu s$	$T_C = 125^\circ C$		120 60 20	W W W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation					
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 600 A$ $t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.5 A/\mu s$ $I_G = 0.5 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 200 A$			100	A/ $\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1000	V/ $\mu s$
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		2 3	V V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		150 220	mA mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		0.25	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 30 \mu s$ $I_G = 0.5 A; di_G/dt = 0.5 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		200	mA
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		150	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$ $I_G = 0.5 A; di_G/dt = 0.5 A/\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	$\mu s$
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 300 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 100^\circ C$ $di/dt = 10 A/\mu s dv/dt = 50 V/\mu s t_p = 200 \mu s$		200		$\mu s$

Package Y4			Ratings		
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.
					Unit
$I_{RMS}$	<i>RMS current</i>	per terminal			300 A
$T_{VJ}$	<i>virtual junction temperature</i>		-40		125 °C
$T_{op}$	<i>operation temperature</i>		-40		100 °C
$T_{stg}$	<i>storage temperature</i>		-40		125 °C
<b>Weight</b>				150	g
$M_D$	<i>mounting torque</i>		2.25		2.75 Nm
$M_T$	<i>terminal torque</i>		4.5		5.5 Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	<i>creepage distance on surface / striking distance through air</i>		<i>terminal to terminal</i>	14.0	10.0 mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$			<i>terminal to backside</i>	16.0	16.0 mm
$V_{ISOL}$	<i>isolation voltage</i>	$t = 1$ second $t = 1$ minute 50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA		3600 3000	V V



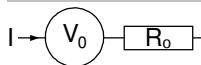
Data Matrix: part no. (1-19), DC + PI (20-25), lot.no.# (26-31), blank (32), serial no.# (33-36)

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCD200-14io1	MCD200-14io1	Box	6	498270

### Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

\* on die level

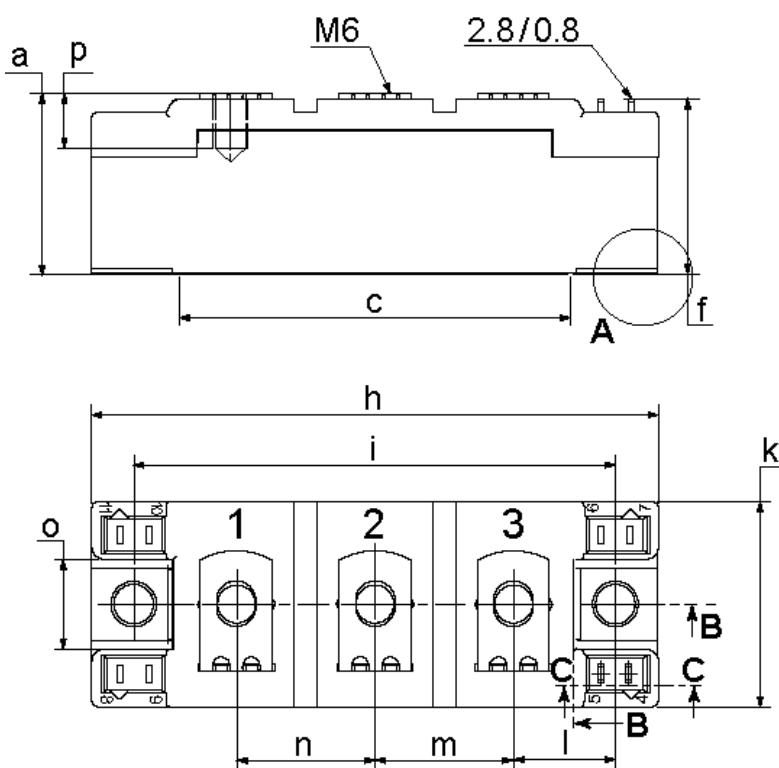
$T_{VJ} = 125$  °C



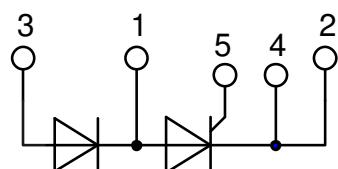
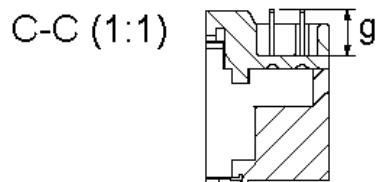
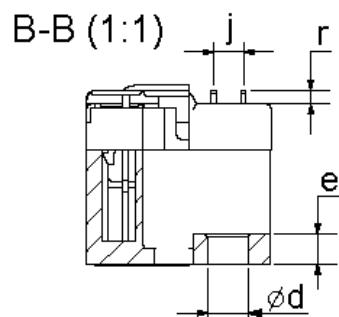
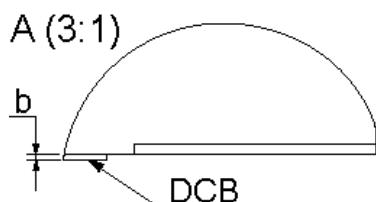
Thyristor

$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.8	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	0.7	

## Outlines Y4



Dim.	MIN [mm]	MAX [mm]	MIN [inch]	MAX [inch]
a	30.0	30.6	1.181	1.205
b	typ. 0.25		typ. 0.010	
c	64.0	65.0	2.520	2.559
d	6.5	7.0	0.256	0.275
e	4.9	5.1	0.193	0.201
f	28.6	29.2	1.126	1.150
g	7.3	7.7	0.287	0.303
h	93.5	94.5	3.681	3.720
i	79.5	80.5	3.130	3.169
j	4.8	5.2	0.189	0.205
k	33.4	34.0	1.315	1.339
l	16.7	17.3	0.657	0.681
m	22.7	23.3	0.894	0.917
n	22.7	23.3	0.894	0.917
o	14.0	15.0	0.551	0.591
p	typ. 10.5		typ. 0.413	
r	1.8	2.4	0.071	0.041



## Thyristor

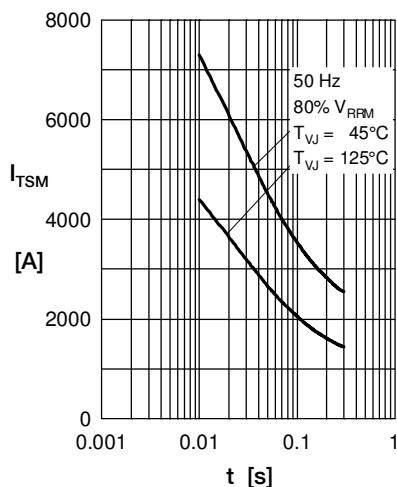


Fig. 1 Surge overload current  $I_{TSM}$ ,  
 $I_{FSM}$ : Crest value, t: duration

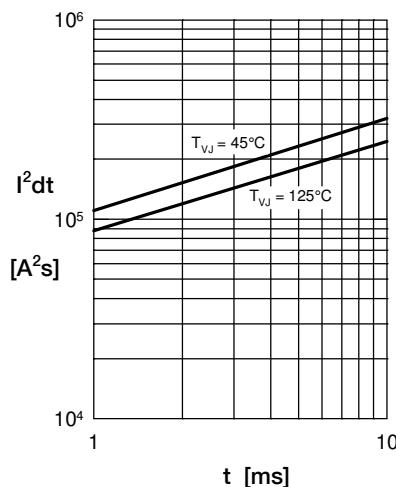


Fig. 2  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)

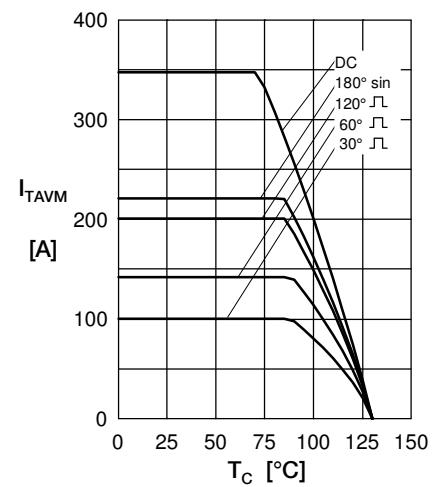


Fig. 3 Max. forward current at case temperature

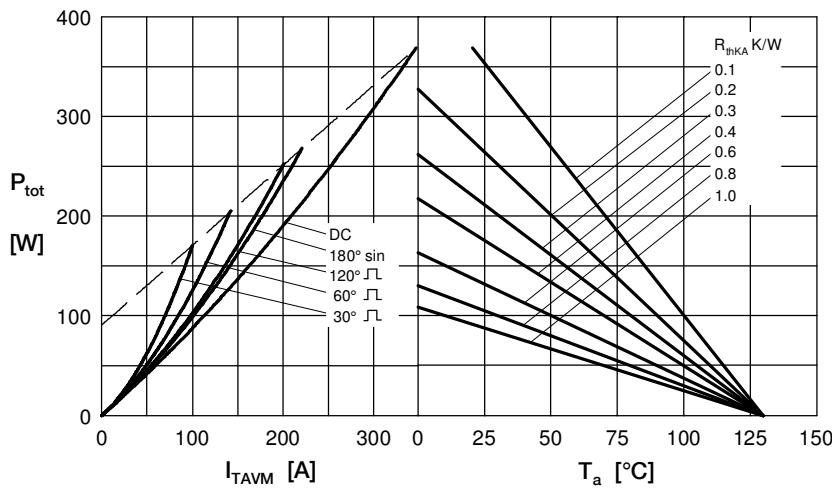


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. on-state current & ambient temperature (per thyristor or diode)

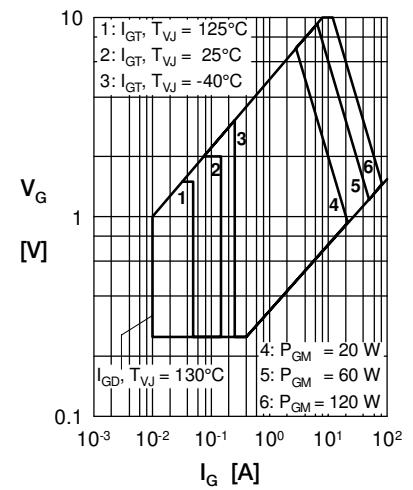


Fig. 5 Gate trigger characteristics

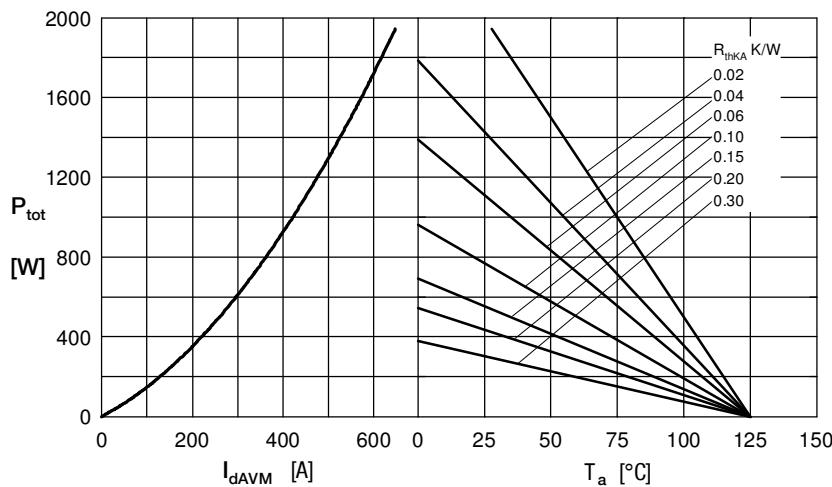


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

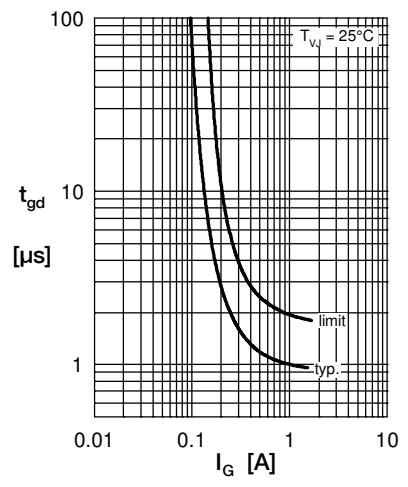


Fig. 7 Gate trigger delay time

## Rectifier

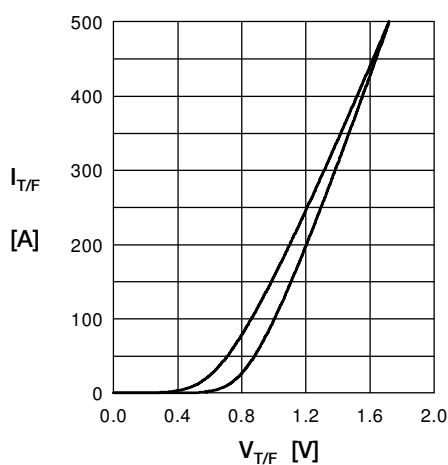
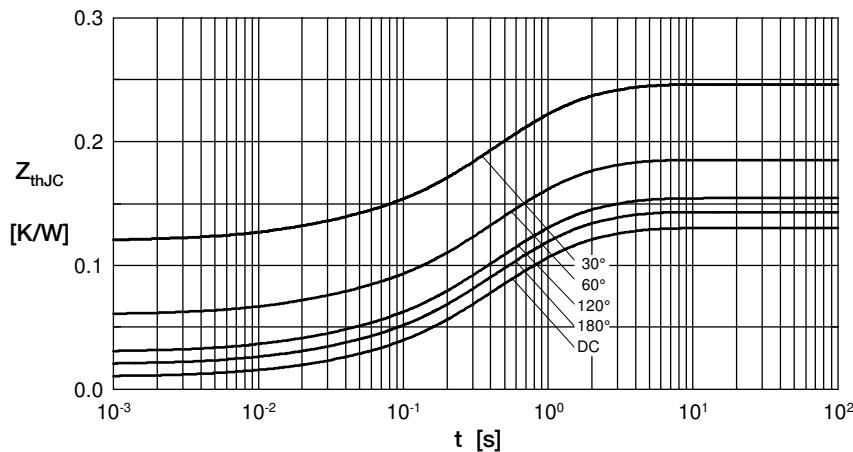


Fig. 8 Forward current versus voltage drop



Constants for  $Z_{thJC}$  calculation:

i	$R_{thi}$ [K/W]	$t_i$ [s]
1	0.0100	0.00014
2	0.0065	0.019
3	0.0250	0.180
4	0.0615	0.520
5	0.0270	1.600

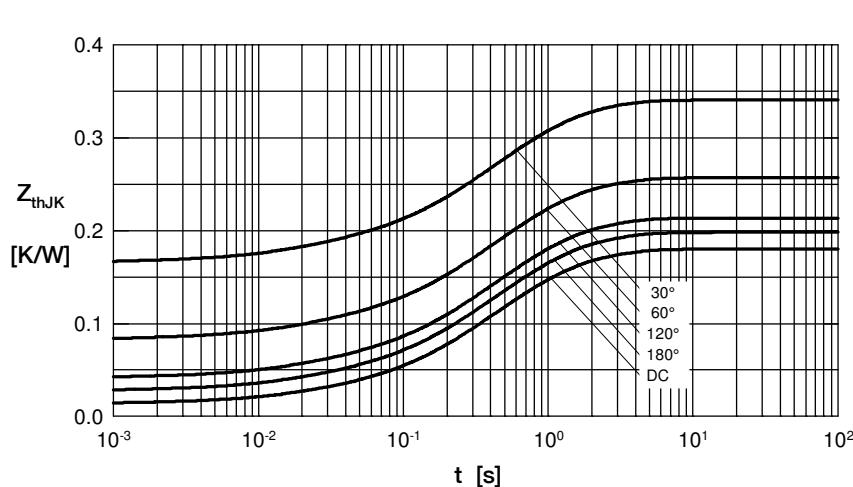


Fig. 10 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per thyristor/diode)

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